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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/042,721 05/29/2002		Radhakrishna K. Pillai	003102-00092	3156
35743	7590 08/06/2004	EXAMINER		
	LEVIN NAFTALIS & FI UAL PROPERTY DEPAR	TUCKER, PHILIP C		
919 THIRD		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
NEW YORK, NY 10022			1712	

DATE MAILED: 08/06/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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		Applicat	ion No.	Applicant(s)	-				
			'21	PILLAI ET AL.					
	Office Action Summary	Examine	r	Art Unit					
		Philip C		1712					
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication	appears on th	e cover sheet with the c	orrespondence add	dress				
A SH THE - Exte after - If the - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFF SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory per re to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by start reply received by the Office later than three months after the med patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	N. R 1.136(a). In no e reply within the sta riod will apply and v atute, cause the ap	vent, however, may a reply be tin tutory minimum of thirty (30) day vill expire SIX (6) MONTHS from plication to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely the mailing date of this co D (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status									
1)[Responsive to communication(s) filed on 02	2 March 2004	•						
2a)⊠	This action is FINAL . 2b) T	This action is i	non-final.						
3)□	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.								
Dispositi	on of Claims								
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)⊠	Claim(s) 1-4,6,11,12,39,51 and 52 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1-4,6,11,12 and 39 is/are rejected. Claim(s) 50 and 51 is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.								
Applicati	on Papers	·							
9)[The specification is objected to by the Exam	iner.							
10)	10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.								
	Applicant may not request that any objection to t	the drawing(s)	be held in abeyance. See	37 CFR 1.85(a).					
11)	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corr The oath or declaration is objected to by the		= :		` '				
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119								
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 									
Attachment	:(s)								
	e of References Cited (PTO-892)		4) Interview Summary	(PTO-413)					
3) 🔲 Inforn	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0 No(s)/Mail Date	08)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa 6) Other:		-152)				

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Objections

1. Claim 11 is objected to because of the following informalities: Claim 11 teaches that m' may be zero, which has the same meaning as A1 is a single bond, as previously cited in the claim. Appropriate correction is required.

Double Patenting

2. Applicant is advised that should claim 6 be found allowable, claim 11 will be objected to under 37 CFR 1.75 as being a substantial duplicate thereof. When two claims in an application are duplicates or else are so close in content that they both cover the same thing, despite a slight difference in wording, it is proper after allowing one claim to object to the other as being a substantial duplicate of the allowed claim. See MPEP § 706.03(k).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 3. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 - The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.
- 4. Claims 2, 3, 6, 11, 12 and 39 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the

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application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. These claims teach that m may be zero, thus creating a direct single bond from the tertaaza-cyclododecane ring to the carbonyl group of the side chaim. Such was not supported by the specificationas originally filed, and is new matter. Dependent claims fall herewith.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. Claims 1-4, 6, 11, 12 and 39 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Society of Magnetic Resonance in Medicine, Book of Abstracts, 8th Annual Meeting, August 12-18, 1989.

Society of Magnetic Resonance teaches the biodistribution of Gd complex PA-DO3A in mice as a function of lipophilicity. Society of Magnetic Resonance differs from the selected species of the present invention in that an alkyl group (propyl or butyl), or 2 alkyl groups comprising 3 carbon atoms (methyl + ethyl), are replaced by hydrogen atoms. As homologues with such similar structures would be expected to have similar properties and utility, it would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to make various homologues of PA-DO3A, including the methyl, propyl or (methyl + ethyl) substituted compounds of the present invention, for use in the study of lipophilicity in

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mice. It is noted that claims 6 and 11 encompass the methyl homologue, since the requirement for the combination of R1 and R2 to have at least 3 carbon atoms does not appear. There is clear basis in the case law for rejections of obviousness based upon homology in which an alkyl group or more than one alkyl group is substituted for hydrogen in a known molecule (Ex parte Faque 121 USPQ 425). See also In re Wood 199 USPQ 137 and In re Hoch 166 USPQ 406, cited by the Boards of Appeals in parent application 08/471556.

- 7. Claims 51 and 52 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.
- Applicants arguments and amendment have been considered but are not deemed fully persuasive. The limitation of "or a single bond" was not deleted from claim 11, thus the objection is maintained.

In considering the structures 3-12 on page 39, it is clear that m is not zero, since there is clearly a CH2 group between the ring and the carbonyl, since the linking group is not shown as a straight line, but possesses a bend, indicating the presence of a CH2 group. The rejection under 35 USC 112 is thus maintained.

Contrary to applicants arguments, the addition of more than one CH2 group to the PA-DO3A compound of the prior art produces the homologues of the present invention (see Ex parte Faque, supra). Hindsight cannot be involved when case law

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has stated that such is obvious. In response to applicant's argument that the examiner's conclusion of obviousness is based upon improper hindsight reasoning, it must be recognized that any judgment on obviousness is in a sense necessarily a reconstruction based upon hindsight reasoning. But so long as it takes into account only knowledge which was within the level of ordinary skill at the time the claimed invention was made, and does not include knowledge gleaned only from the applicant's disclosure, such a reconstruction is proper. See *In re McLaughlin*, 443 F.2d 1392, 170 USPQ 209 (CCPA 1971).

Applicant has only demonstrated superior results for compounds with much more complex substituents than the alkyl groups which are encompassed by applicants claims. In trying to establish superior and unexpected results, the test data must be commensurate in scope with the claims in question (In re Kerkhoven 205 USPQ 1069). None of the results discussed by applicant in the response apply to the alkyl substituted compounds, but to other substituents. Applicant has thus not established superior and unexpected results which are commensurate in scope with the claim, inclusive of the alkyl groups and selected species.

9. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

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A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Philip C Tucker whose telephone number is 571-272-1095. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday, Flexible schedule.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Randy Gulakowski can be reached on 571-272-1302. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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Philip C Tucker Primary Examiner Art Unit 1712

PCT-3077